

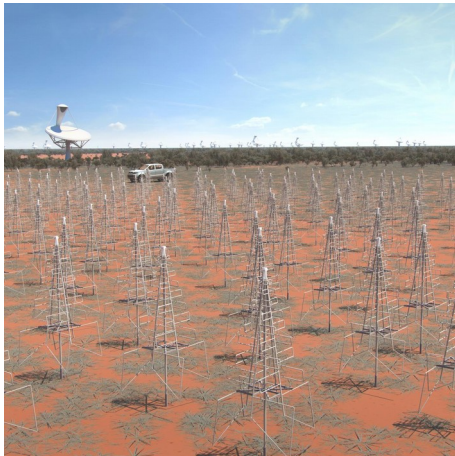
# Probing the states of the IGM during the Epoch of Reionization

Raghunath Ghara

NISER, 21cm Cosmology  
Dec, 2023

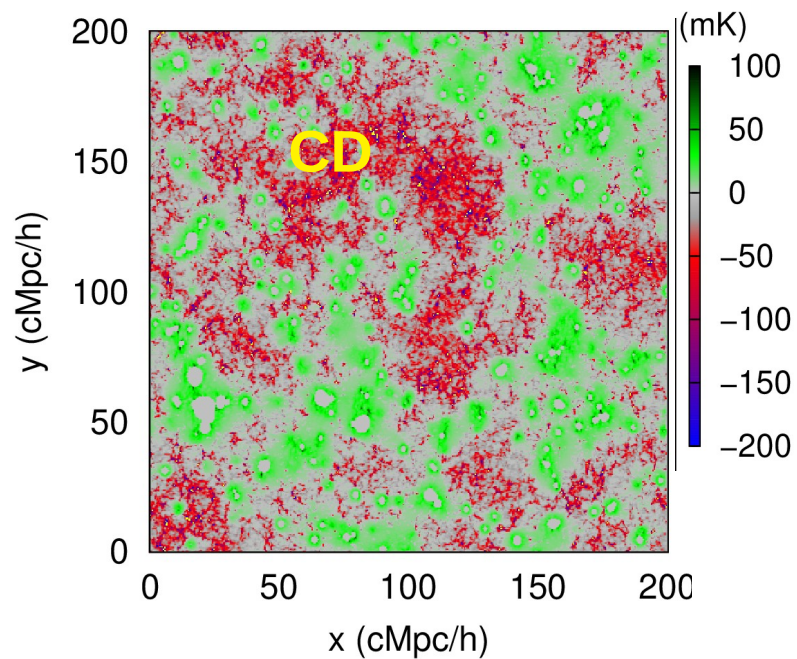
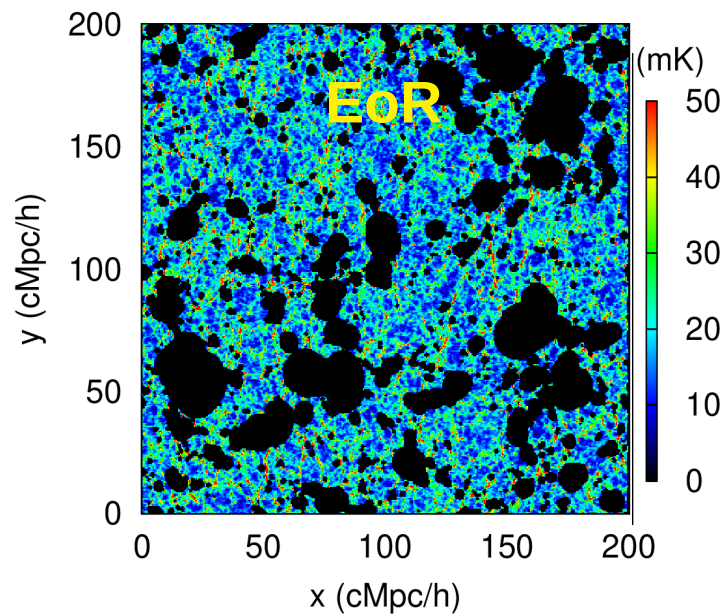
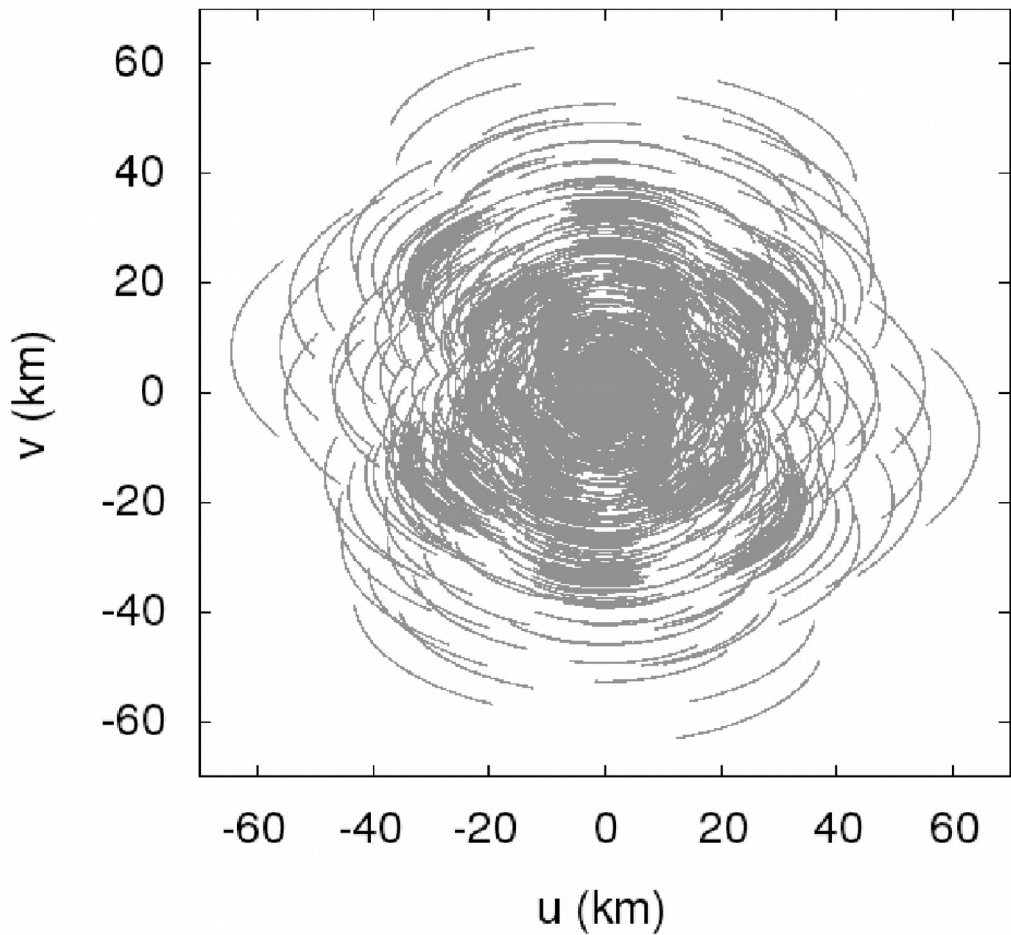


## Happening Finally!!



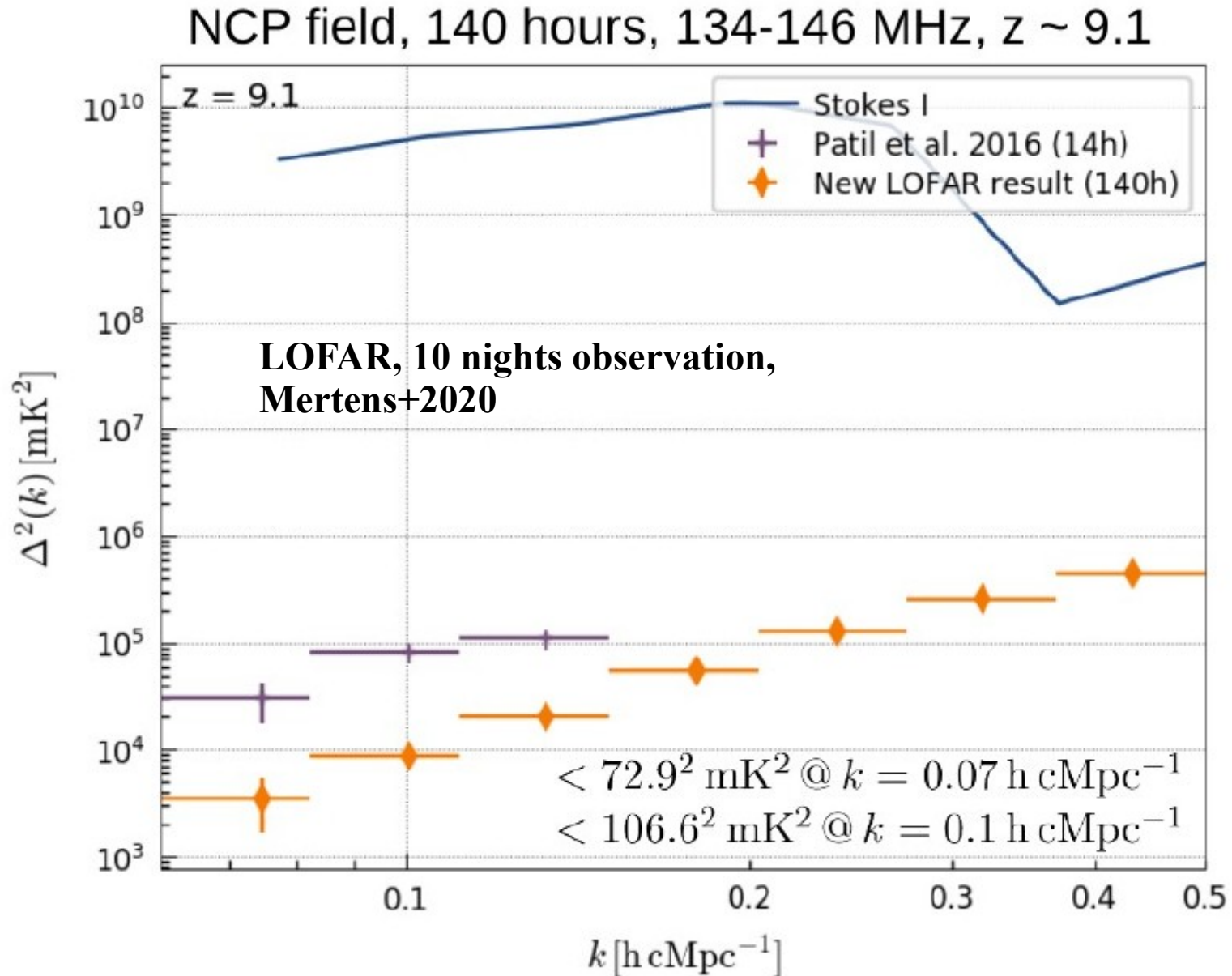
Activity	SKA-LOW		SKA-MID	
	Date	Number of stations	Date	Number of dishes
Start of Construction	Jul 2021		Jul 2021	
Start of major contracts	Aug 2021		Aug 2021	
Finish of Array Assembly 0.5 (AA0.5)	Feb 2024	6	Mar 2024	4
Finish of AA1	Feb 2025	18	Feb 2025	8
Finish of AA2	Feb 2026	64	Dec 2025	64
Finish of AA*	Feb 2027	307	Jun 2026	144
Finish of AA4	Nov 2027	512	Jun 2027	197

SKA will have the sensitivity to image the HI 21-cm signal

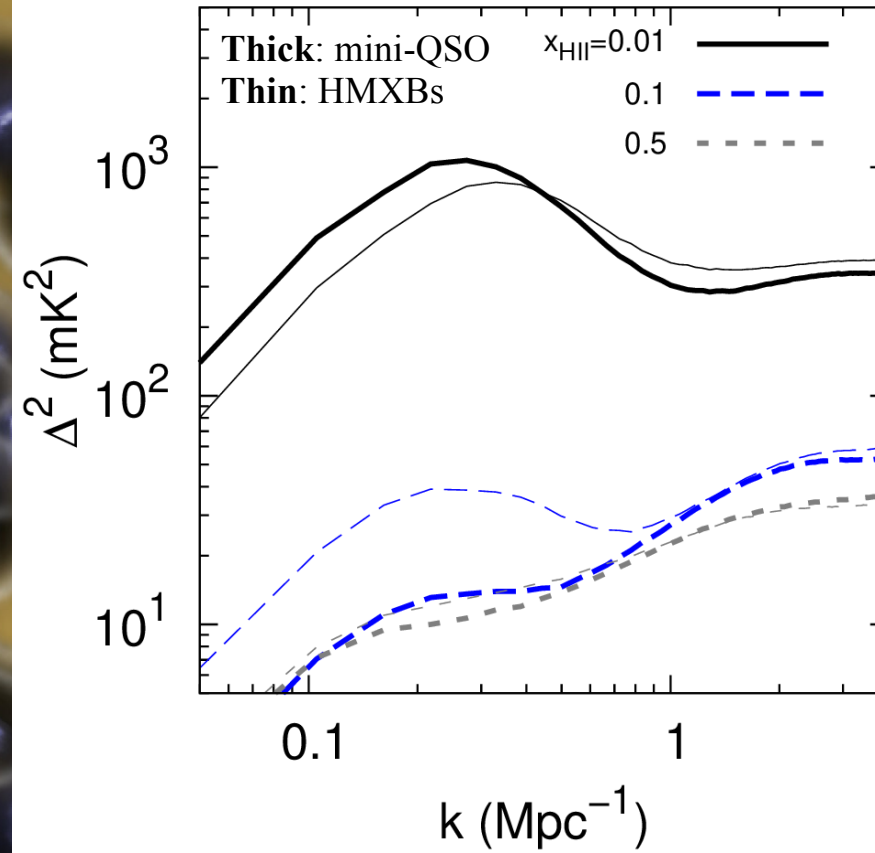
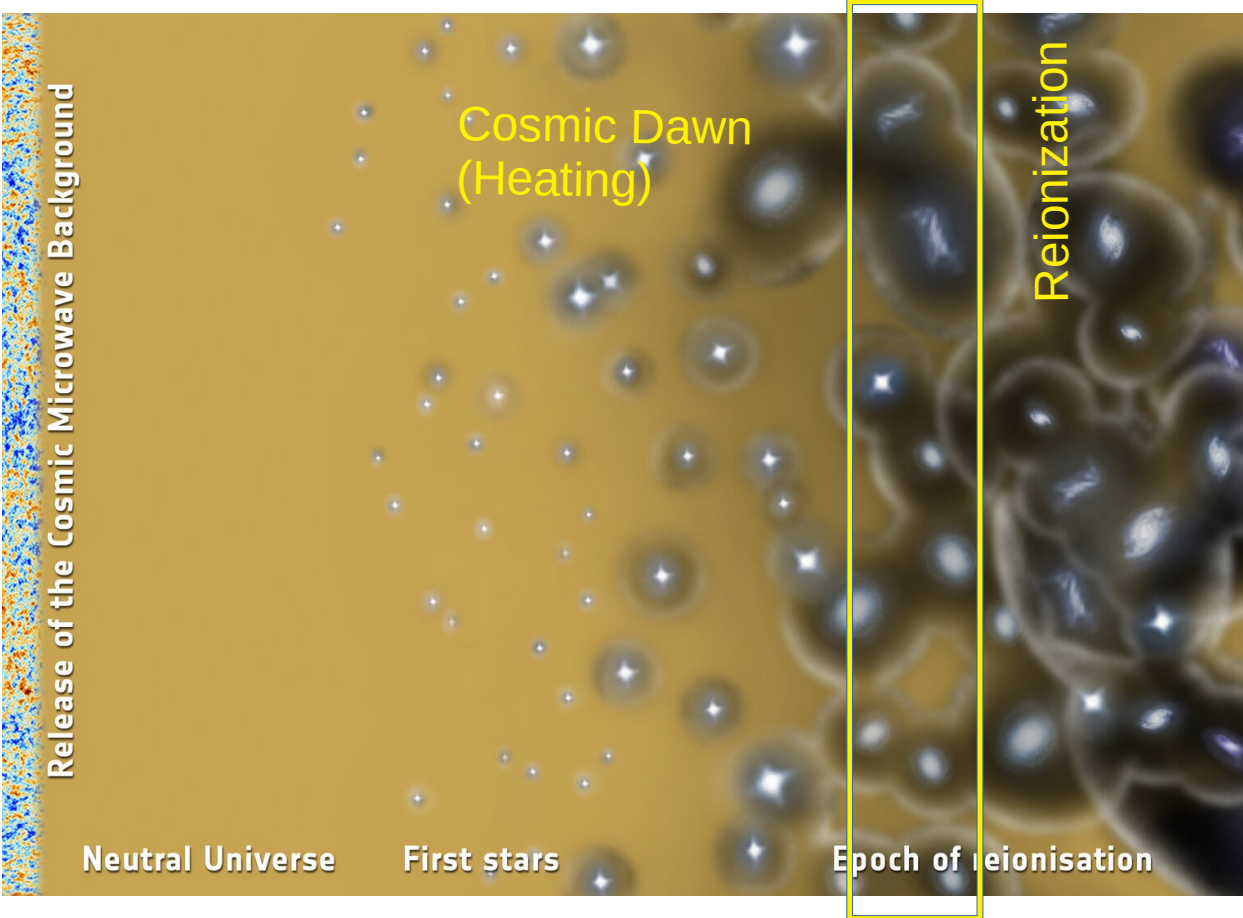


# SKA first target: EoR 21-cm signal power spectrum

Perhaps, SKA will also start with an upper limit measurement like LOFAR, HERA, MWA, etc.

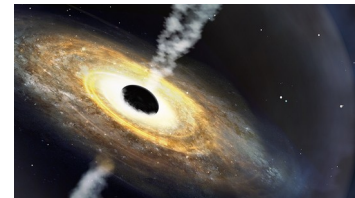


# Inference: Source properties



## Source properties

- › What type of sources?
  - › Galaxies, Quasars, HMXBs?
  - › UV & X-ray emissivity, etc.
- › Population of sources
  - ›  $T_{\text{vir}}$ ? Or  $M_{\text{halo, min}}$
- › PopIII - PopII transition
- › Feedbacks
- › ....

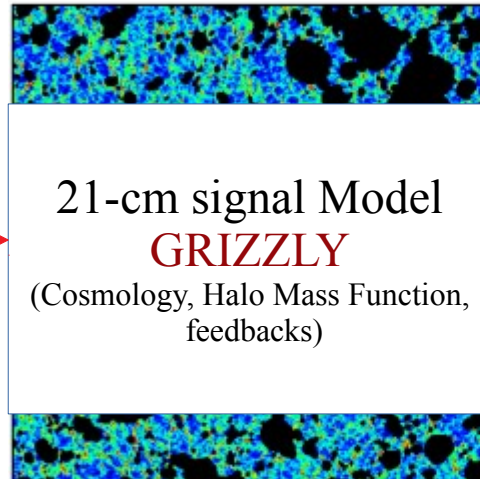


# Inference framework

Ghara+2020, MNRAS, 493, 4, 4728  
 (1<sup>st</sup> LOFAR interpretation paper)  
 Ghara+2021, MNRAS, 503, 3, 4551  
 (MWA interpretation paper)

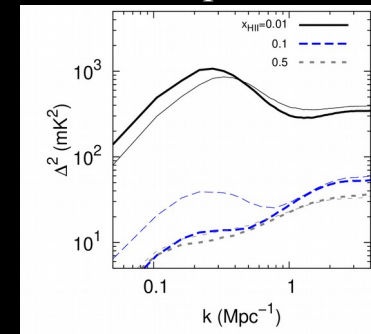
## Source Parameters

$\zeta$ : Ionization efficiency  
 $M_{\min}$ : Minimum mass of UV Halo  
 $M_{\min X}$ : Minimum mass of X-ray Halo  
 $f_x$ : X-ray efficiency  
 $\alpha$ : X-ray Spectral index  
 .....



## Observables

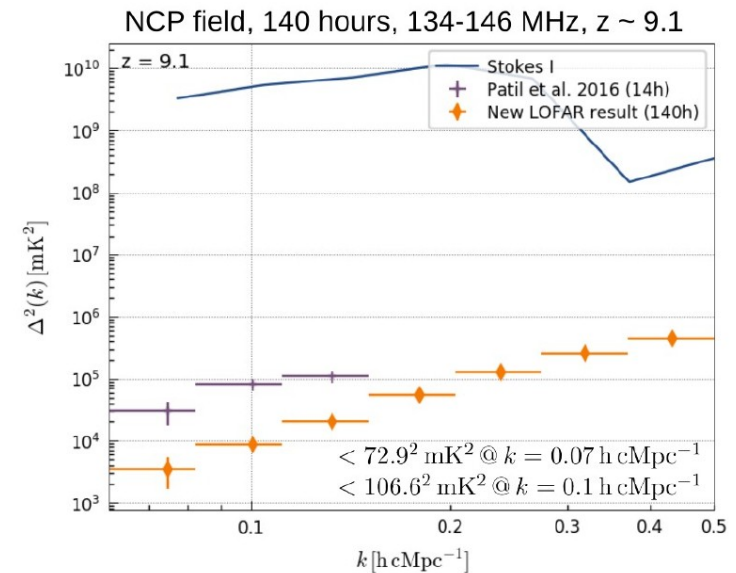
### Power spectrum



## Likelihood

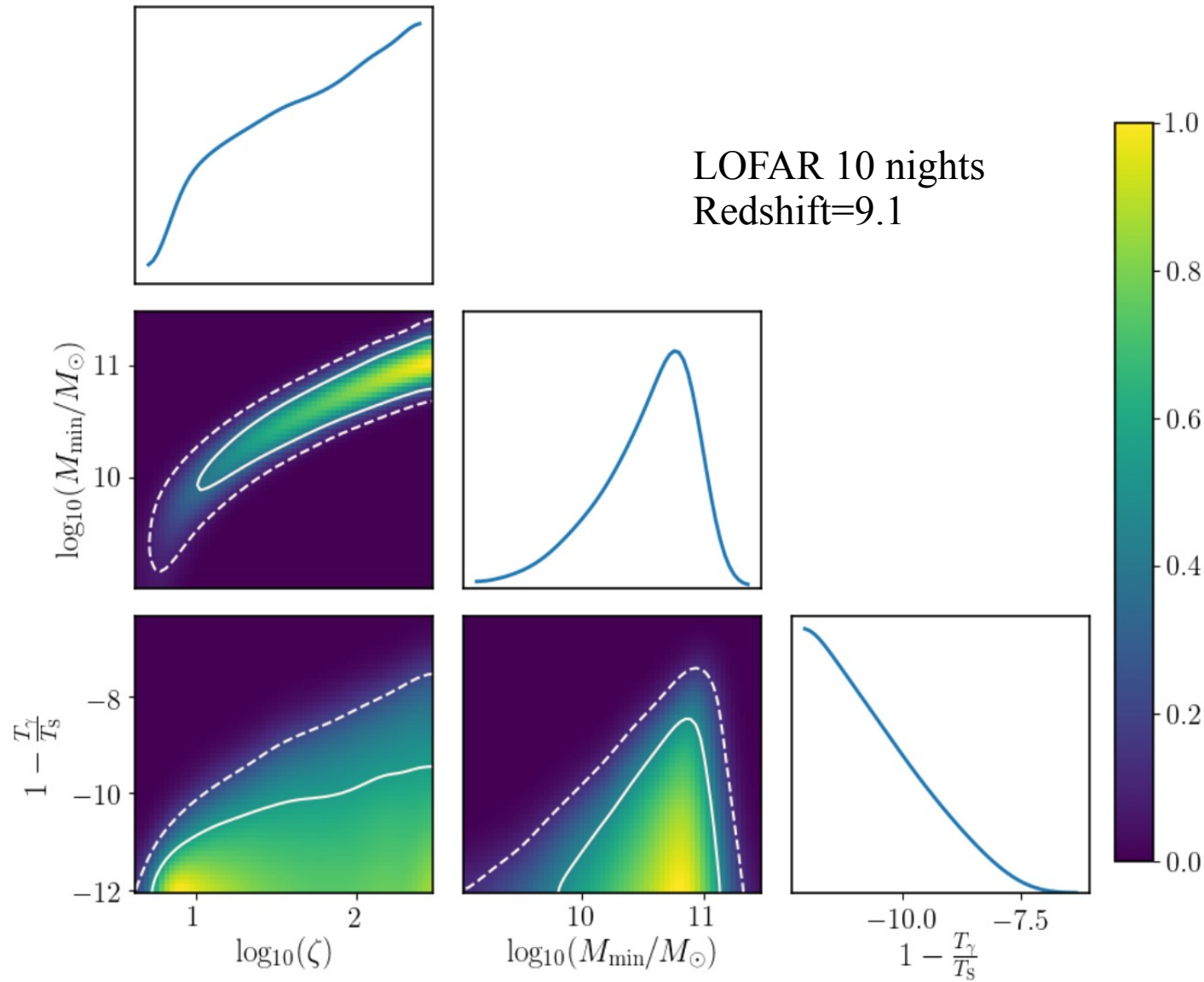
## Bayesian inference

MCMC

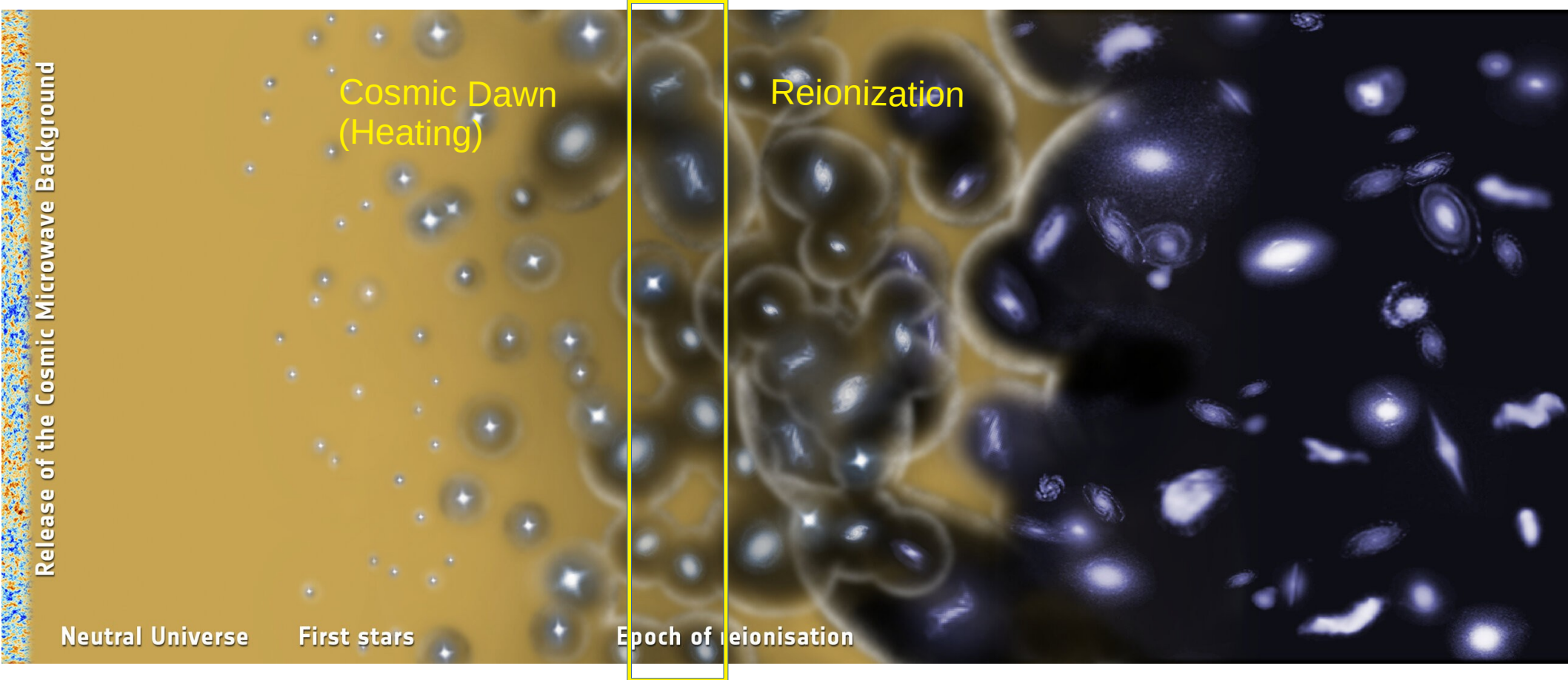


# Inference about the EoR sources

- Posterior distribution of **excluded models**, (Uniform  $T_s$ )



# Inference: Properties of the IGM

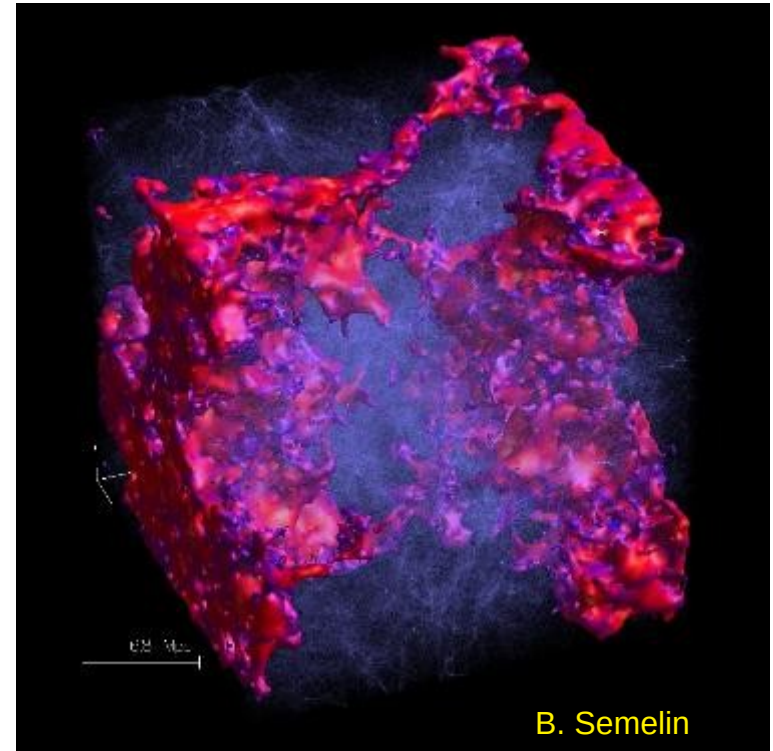
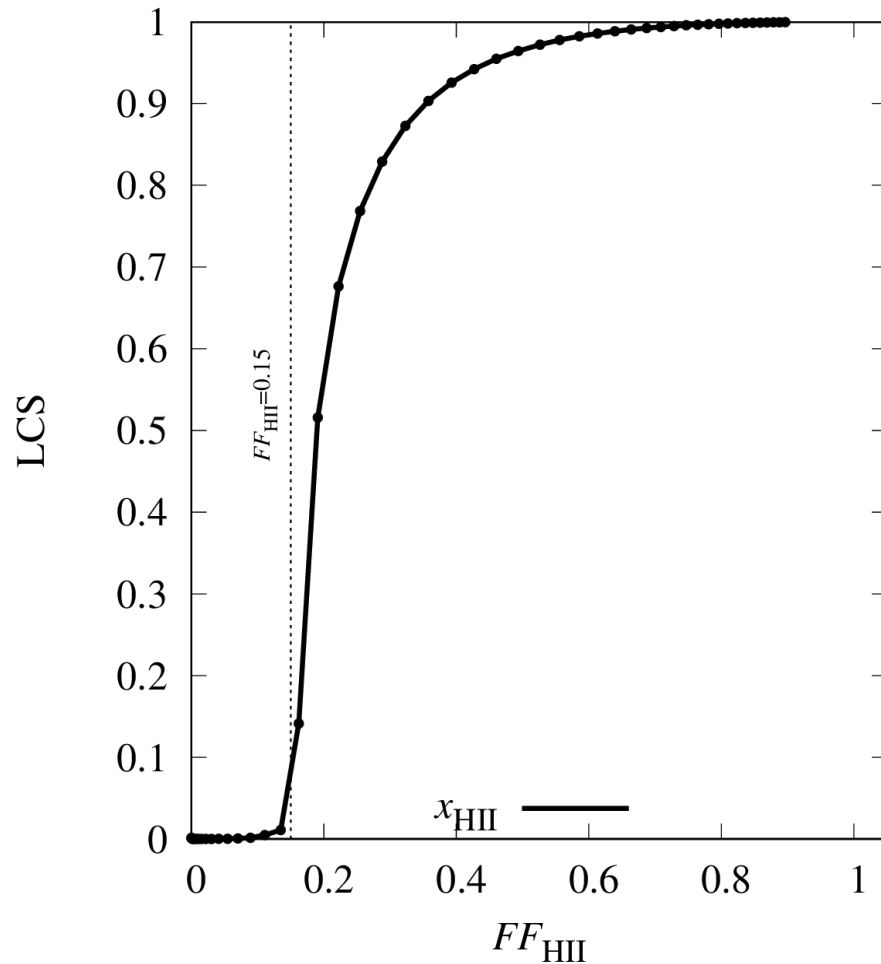


## IGM properties

- › Fraction of the ionized regions
- › Fraction of emission regions
- › Mean Gas temperature
- › Morphology of the ionized/emission regions
- ›

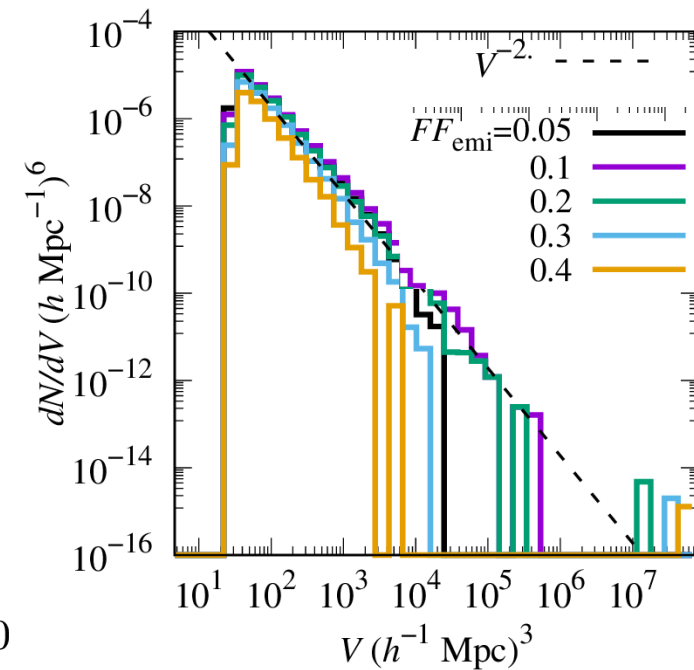
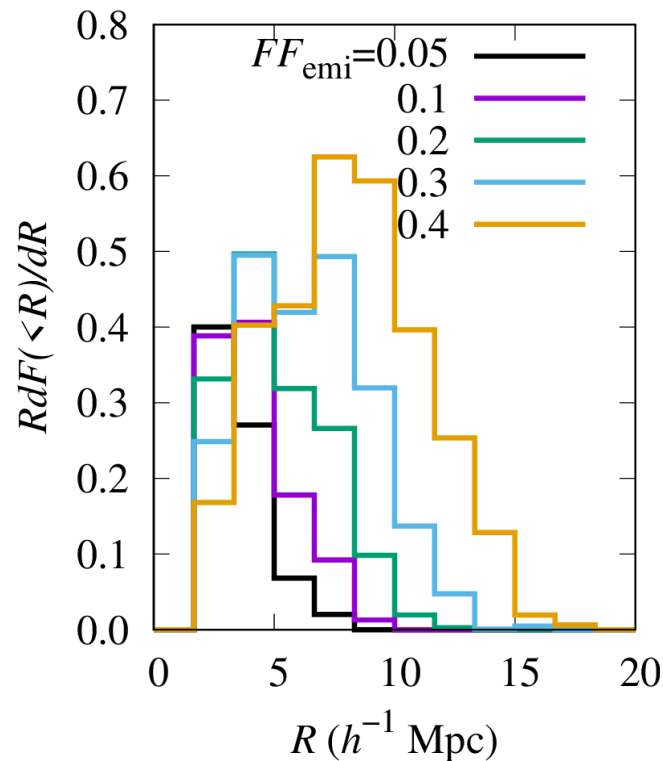
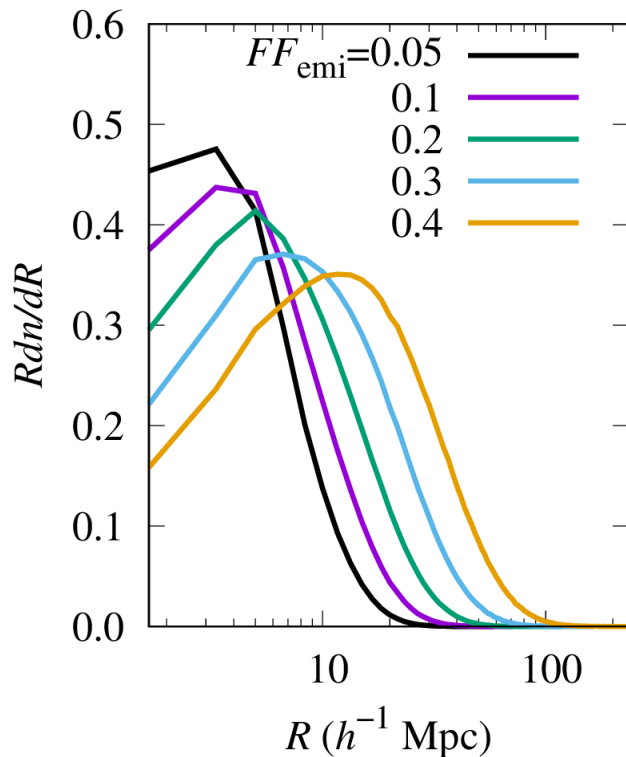


# Complex morphology: percolation



LCS: largest cluster statistics=volume fraction of the largest ionized region

# Quantifying morphology



## Mean free path method (Mesinger+2007)

shoots large number of rays around randomly selected points inside the emission (or absorption) regions in random directions and record the lengths of the rays until those reach the edge of the regions.

## Granulometry method (Kakiichi+2017)

based on based Minkowski subtraction and addition steps to estimate the PDFs (applying spherical filters). Sensitive to the smallest dimension of a complex-shaped region.

## Friends-of-friends (Iliev+2006)

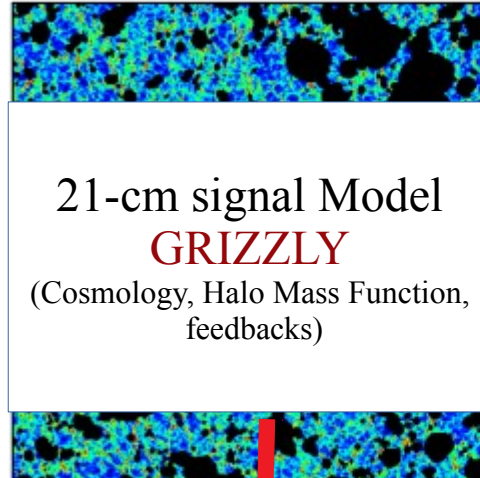
considers two neighbouring cells in the binary fields with values larger than 0.5 to be the part of the same region and in the process finds the volume of each region.

# IGM inference framework

Ghara+2020, MNRAS, 493, 4, 4728  
 (1<sup>st</sup> LOFAR interpretation paper)  
 Ghara+2021, MNRAS, 503, 3, 4551  
 (MWA interpretation paper)

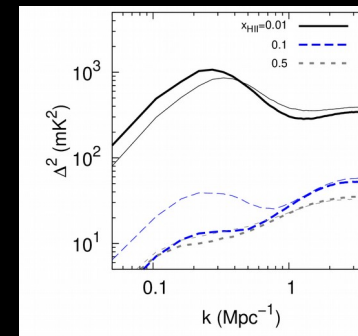
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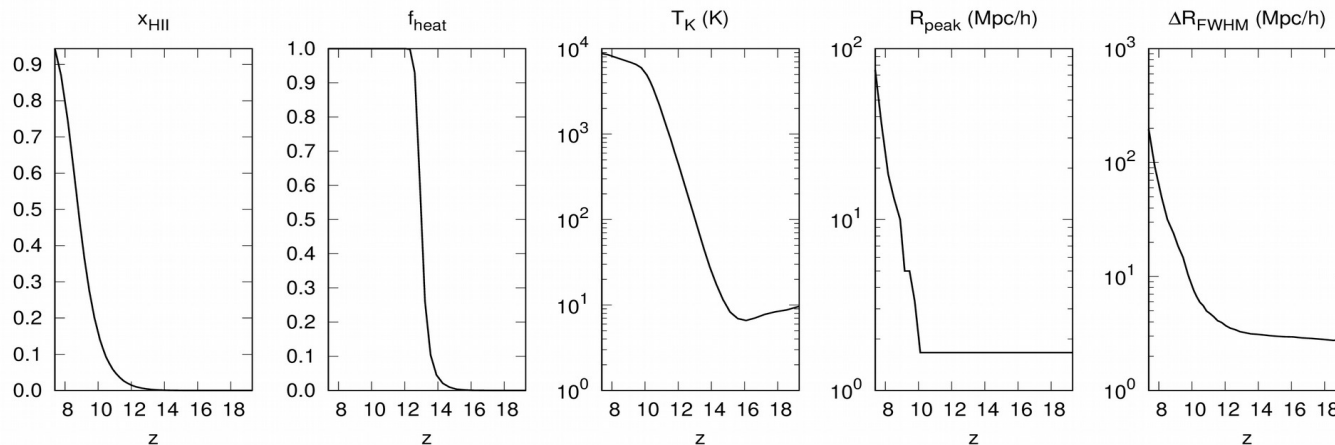


## Observables

### Power spectrum

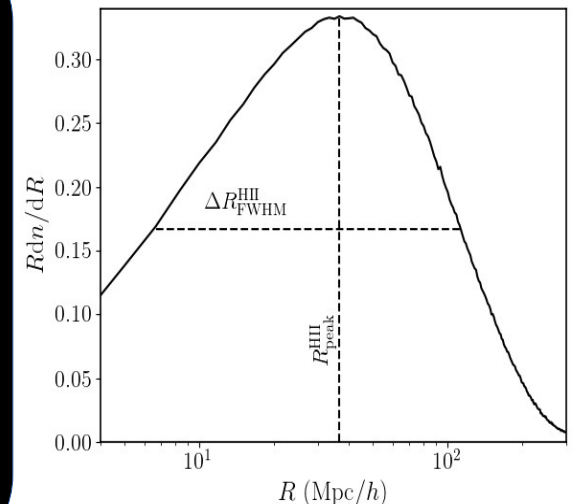


## Derived IGM Quantities



Ionization fraction      Heated fraction      Mean gas temperature      Characteristic Size of heated regions      FWHM of bubble size distribution

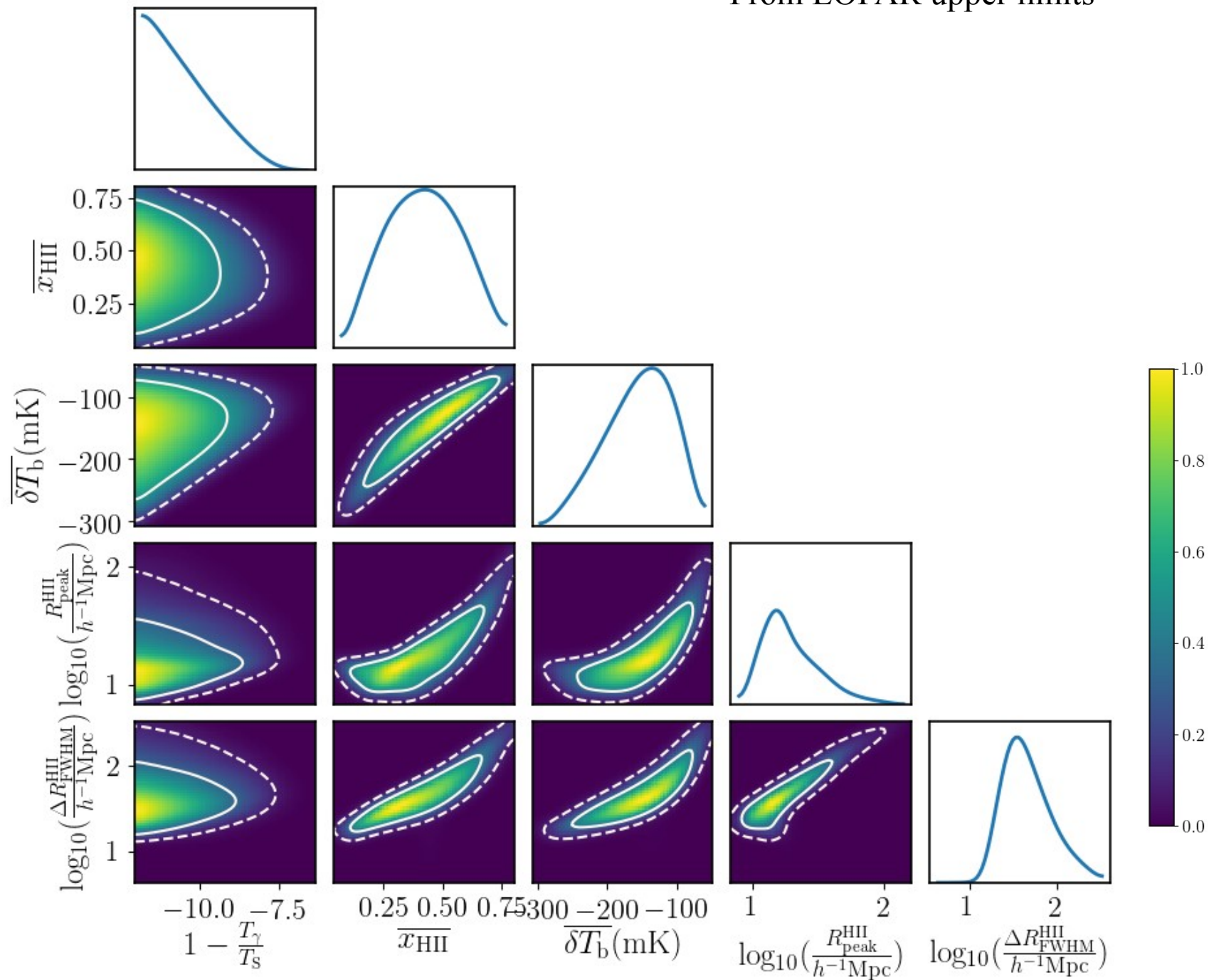
## Bubble Size Distribution



Mean free path method

# Posterior distribution of excluded models

Constraints on IGM at  $z=9.1$   
From LOFAR upper limits

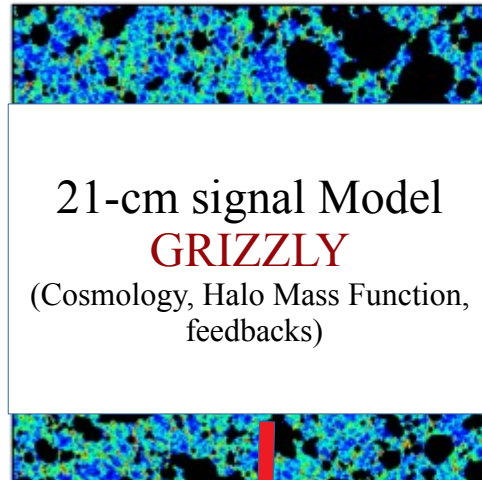


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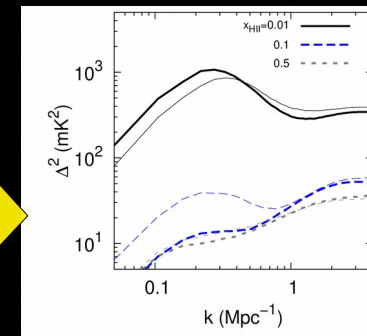
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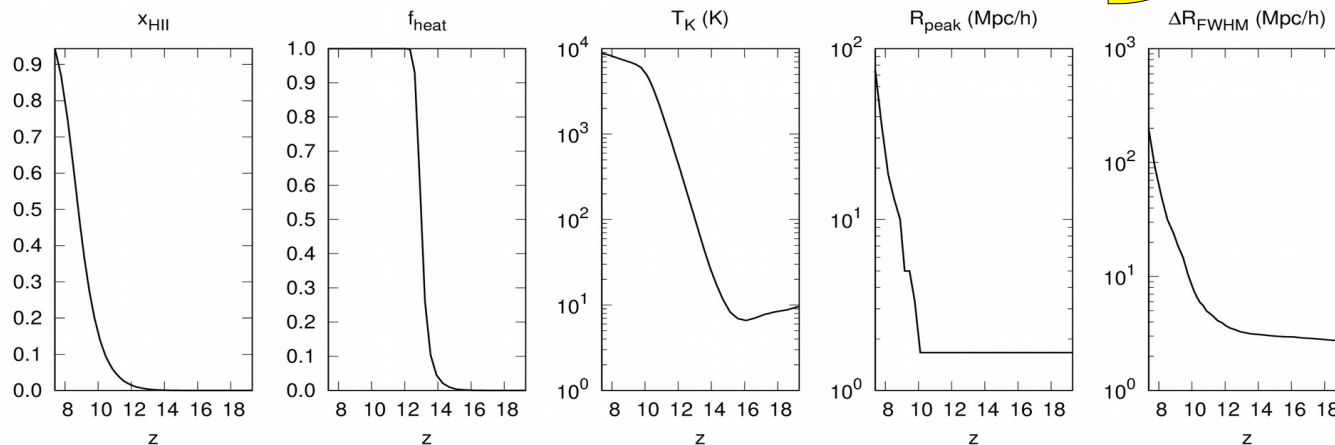


## Observables

### Power spectrum

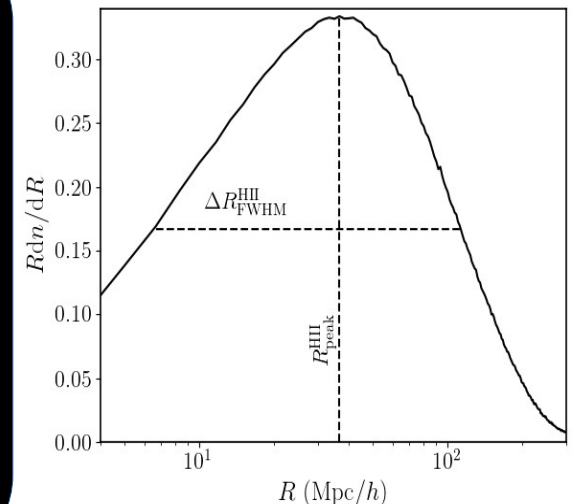


## Derived IGM Quantities



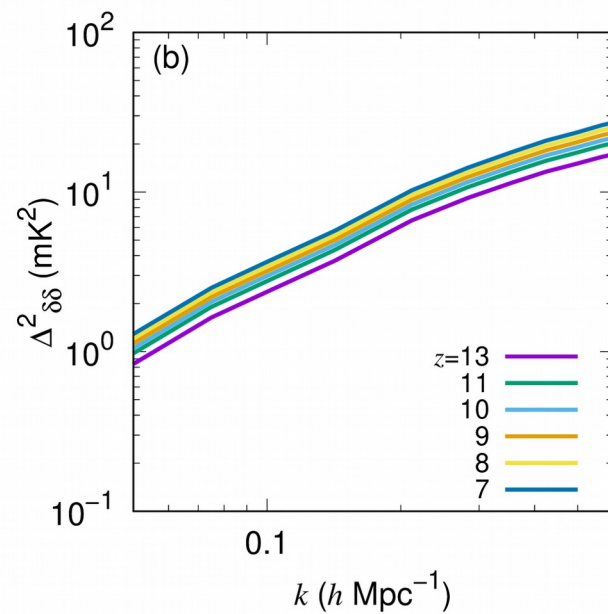
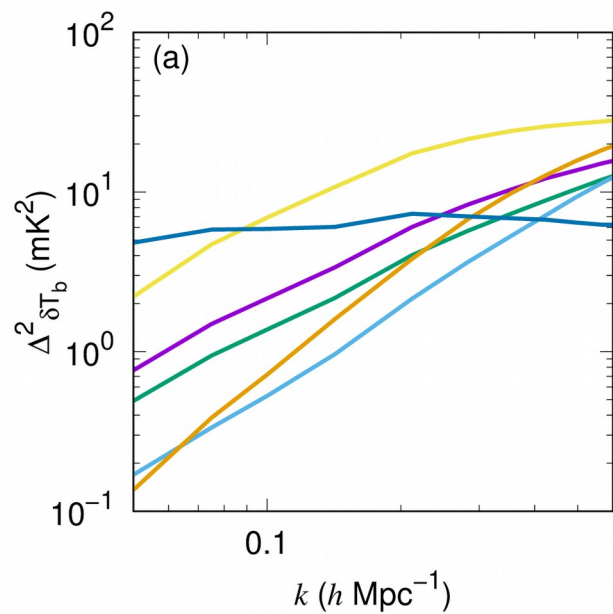
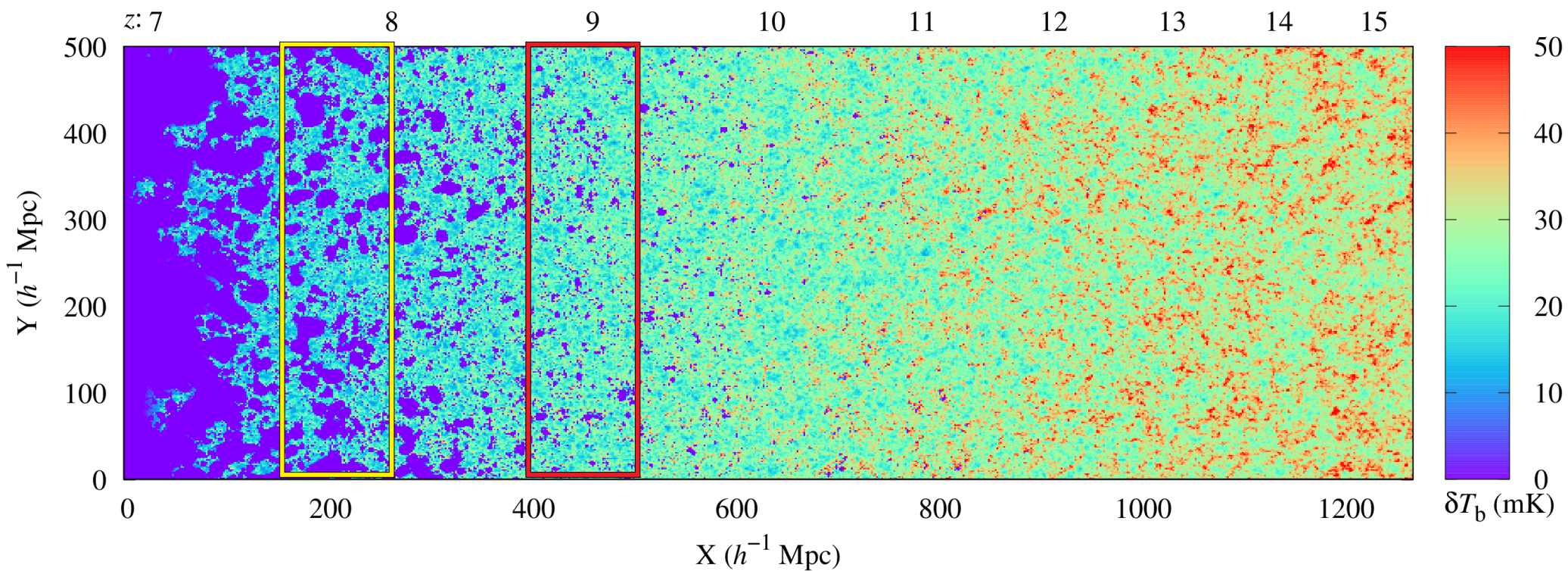
Ionization fraction      Heated fraction      Mean gas temperature      Characteristic Size of heated regions      FWHM of bubble size distribution

## Bubble Size Distribution

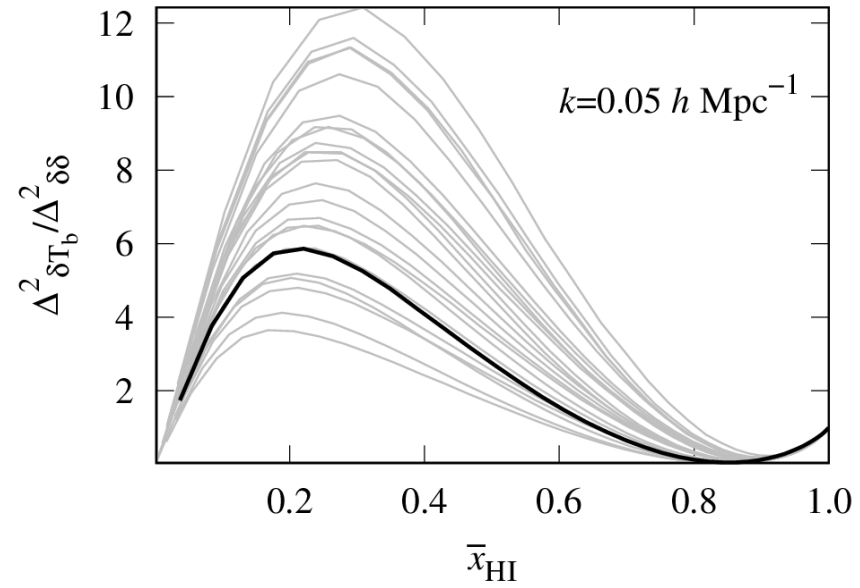
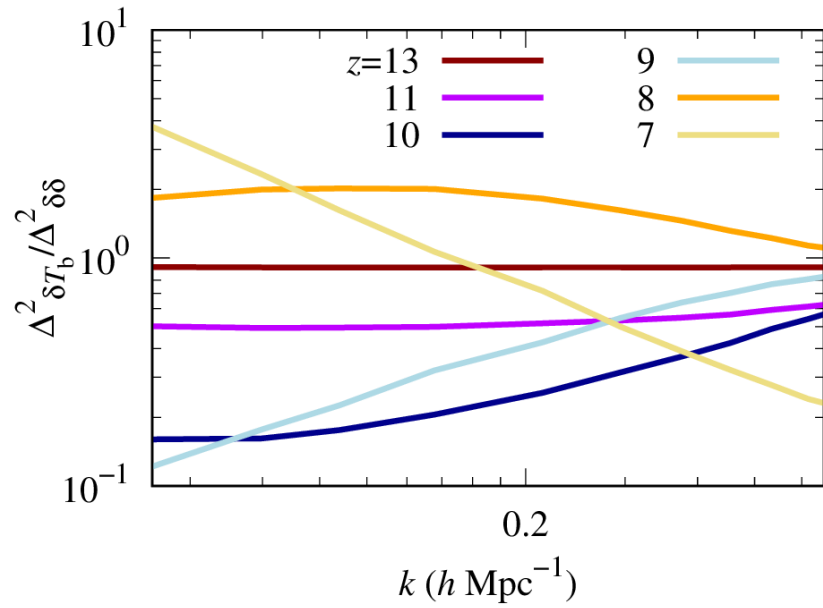


Mean free path method

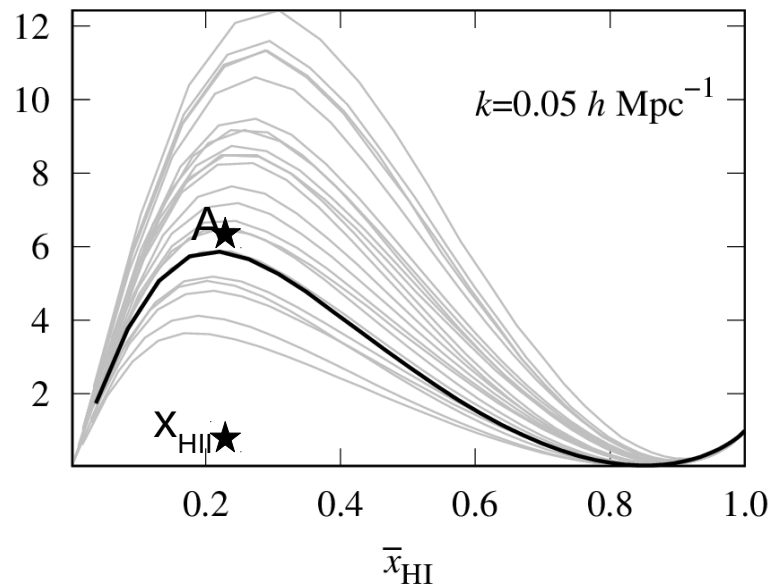
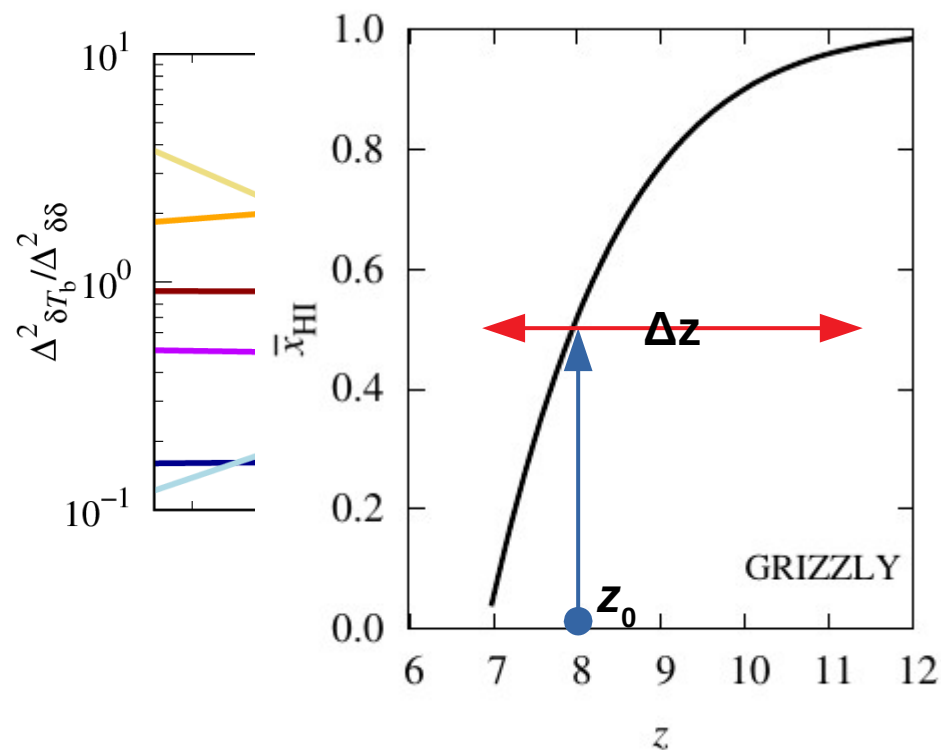
# Source free Model for EoR PS



# An alternative approach to probe the EoR IGM



# An alternative approach to probe the EoR IGM



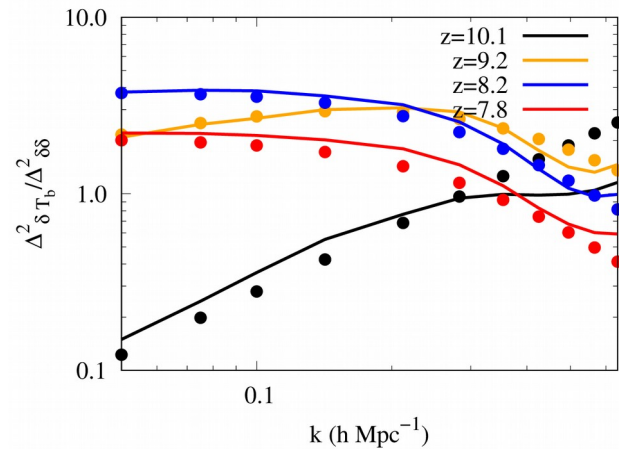
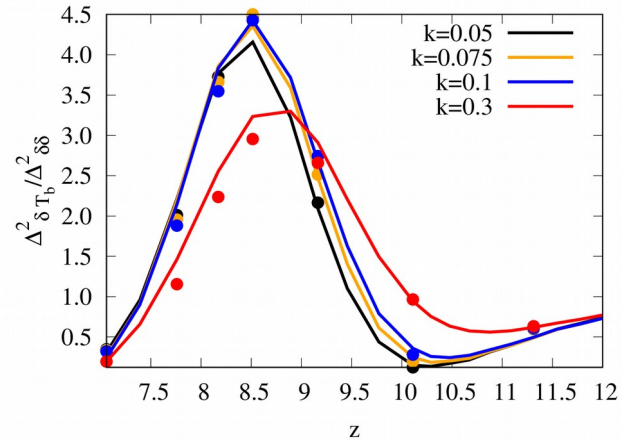
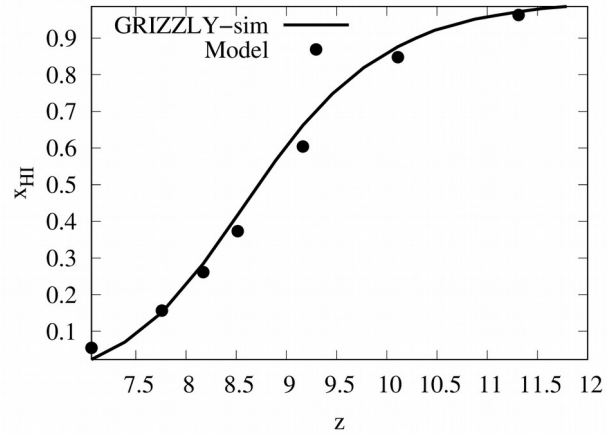
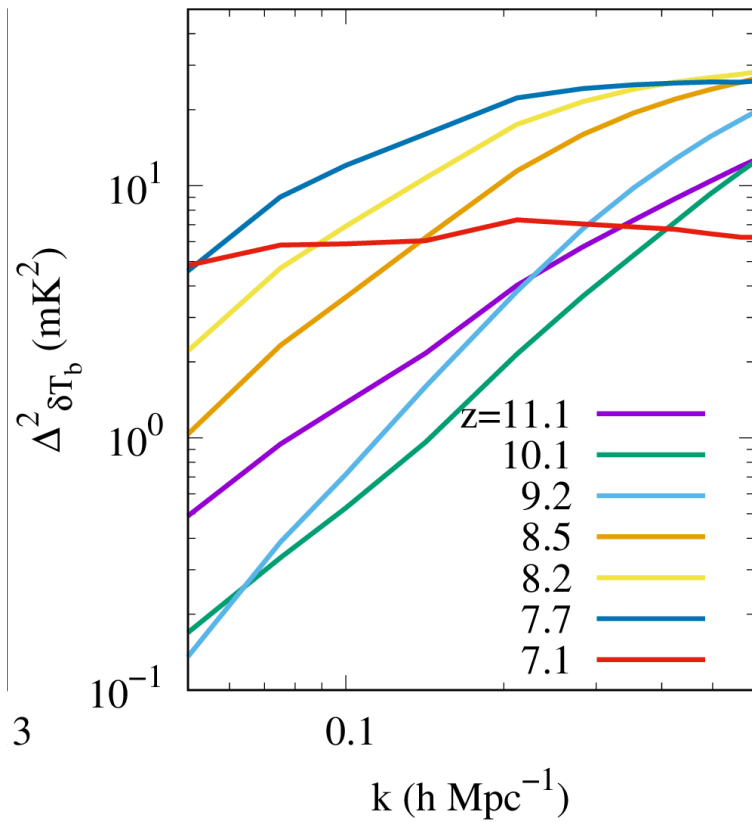
ters (redshift independent)

Parameters	Description
$z_0$	Redshift corresponds to $\bar{x}_{\text{HI}} = 0.5$
$\Delta z$	Redshift range of reionization in a <i>tanh</i> reionization model.
$\alpha_0$	Asymmetry parameter in the redshift evolution of $\bar{x}_{\text{HI}}$ around $\bar{x}_{\text{HI}} = 0.5$ .
$A_*$	Maximum value of the ratio of $\delta T_b$ and density power spectra at $k = 0.05 h \text{ Mpc}^{-1}$ .
$\bar{x}_{\text{HI},*}$	Mean neutral fraction at the redshift when the ratio of $\delta T_b$ and density power spectra $\Delta^2_{\delta T_b} / \Delta^2_{\delta\delta}$ at $k = 0.05 h \text{ Mpc}^{-1}$ gets the maxima.
$\alpha_A$	Power-law index on $\bar{x}_{\text{HI}}$ which accounts for the change of $\Delta^2_{\delta T_b} / \Delta^2_{\delta\delta}$ as a function of $\bar{x}_{\text{HI}}$ at $k = 0.05 h \text{ Mpc}^{-1}$ .
$\gamma_c$	Account the change in scale-dependence of $\Delta^2_{\delta T_b} / \Delta^2_{\delta\delta}$ with $\bar{x}_{\text{HI}}$ .
$\gamma_0$	Account for the all-scale feature of $\Delta^2_{\delta T_b} / \Delta^2_{\delta\delta}$ in addition to small-scale feature $1/(1 + (k/0.3)^2)$ at stages with $\bar{x}_{\text{HI}} \rightarrow 0$ .



# An alternative approach to probe the EoR IGM

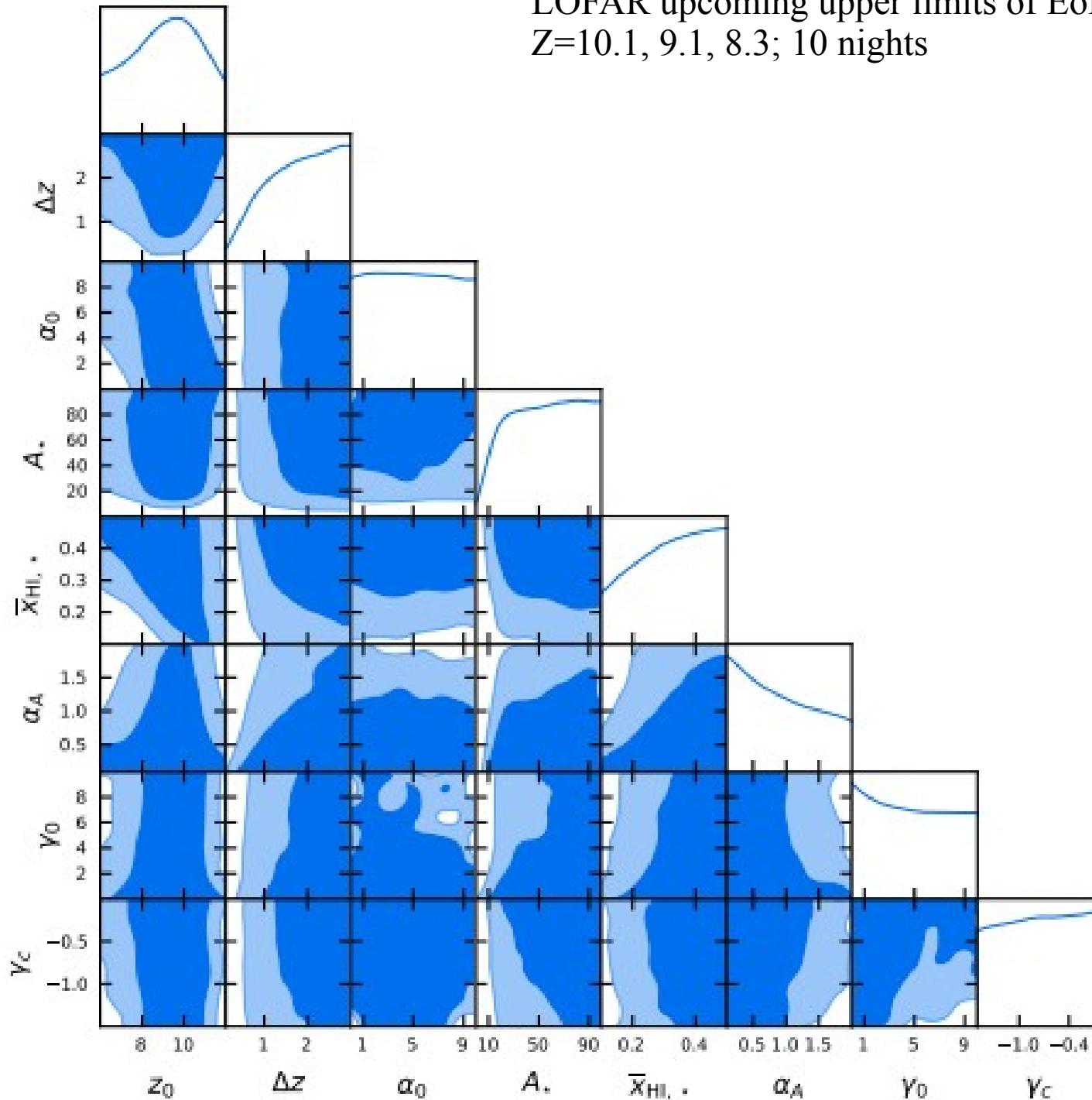
Mock measured power spectra



This also works for other simulations

Ghara+ in Prep.

LOFAR upcoming upper limits of EoR 21-cm power spectrum  
 $Z=10.1, 9.1, 8.3$ ; 10 nights



Ghara et al (in preparation)

# Summary

- 21-cm signal observations is a promising probe of the first billion years of our Universe.
- Observations with LOFAR/HERA/MWA/.. –towards a detection!.
- Inference: sources properties + IGM properties.
- Current Interferometric upper limits on the 21-cm power spectrum started ruling out scenarios of EoR.
- IGM based theory of 21-cm signal power spectrum?
- SKA+... (the next decade) – exciting time ahead!